

| Front Page | Edit Page | Other Page | 84 |
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| TUCSON, ARIZONA CITIZEN | | | |
| E - 41,053 | | | |
| APR 21 1966 | | | |
| Resort Funds For Fatigued Spies Sought | | | |
| <p>WASHINGTON—UPI—American spies may soon be able to come in from the cold — or the heat, as the case may be.</p> <p>The Central Intelligence Agency asked Congress yesterday for permission to send its agents some place where they can relax and get away from the "conditions" which prompted the need for relaxation in the first place.</p> <p>The agency sought legislation to permit the government to pay travel expenses to and from the vacation spot for the employee and his family. The privilege would apply only to those agents serving at certain designated hardship posts.</p> | | | |

CRC, 8/15/2003

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Journal - Office of Legislative Counsel
Thursday - 21 April 1966

Page 3

25X1 10. [] - CEA) Delivered to the office of Dr. Thomas Morgan (D. Pa.) a letter from the Director. 25X1

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25X1 12. [] CEA) Delivered [] STATSPEC
reaction to Senator Mansfield's (D. -Mont.) peace offensive statement to the office of Frank Valeo. (See Journal, 20 April 1966, Item 9)

25X1 13. [] JGO) Met with Senator Gale McGee (D., Wyo.) and gave him an unclassified outline of the "Rural Construction Cadre and Operations in South Vietnam". Senator McGee noted the fact that the material had been redone from the previous document and expressed his appreciation. He will relate this as a Government program and will not attribute the information to the Agency.

25X1 14. [] - JGO) I had occasion to talk with Senator Brewster in the corridor and the subject of the Senator's enjoyable visits to the headquarters came up. I took the opportunity to suggest that if the Senator's schedule would allow, possibly he would come out to the Agency again next week or the week following. He thanked me very much and asked me to see what I could schedule with his assistant, Mr. John Sullivan.

25X1 15. [] - JGO) Delivered to Mr. Bill Darden, Senate Armed Services Committee staff, the Director's letter of 21 April concerning the acquisition of the [] 25X1A

25X1 16. [] - JGO) Delivered to Mr. Herbert Atkinson, Senate Armed Services Committee, additional copies of the proposed amendments to the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949. Mr. Atkinson only indicated that there was quite a bit of interest in the staff and this had generated the request for additional copies.

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Civ. Leg. file

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 NEWSDAY

E. 373,258

APR 20 1966

Economy Holiday? See Your CIA Agent

Special to Newsday

Washington—It hasn't happened yet, but the super-secret Central Intelligence Agency may yet become the fun branch of the federal government.

Delightful, carefree all-expenses-paid vacations for themselves and their families would be offered to the fellows and gals over at CIA under a bill the agency hopes to get through Congress. Such government-paid vacations are something even Senators can't take without a good junket and a bad conscience.

The vacation bill was one of three curious items that came to light yesterday involving the care and feeding of modern undercover agents. The other two were revealed in court papers. In Baltimore, the CIA took the unusual step of publicly identifying one of its agents, in order to defend him in a slander suit. That's rare affection on the part of the CIA. In Washington, a 25-year-old bachelor who was dismissed from the FBI for harboring a woman in his apartment overnight sued FBI director J. Edgar Hoover for invasion of privacy. That's rare temerity for a former FBI man.

Though the CIA doesn't like to talk about it, its secret agents are hard at work all over the world, from the

halls of Michigan State University to the shores of Vietnam. Sometimes the places they work are hot and the jobs they do are dirty. It's a nerve-wracking, pressure-filled business, and sometimes, the CIA has decided, a spy should be allowed to come in from the heat. The agency has proposed a bill that would allow those agents assigned to hardship posts to take fun-filled family vacations at government expense.

In a letter accompanying the bill, CIA director W. F. Raborn said an agent would be allowed to go to a vacation spot where he could "relax and obtain needed freedom from climatic and other conditions which cause his post of assignment to be designated as a hardship post."

As an example, Raborn wrote: "If an employee were stationed at a hardship post on the Gold Coast of Africa, he could be permitted to travel once during a two-year tour or twice during a three-year tour to the Canary Islands or possibly Capetown, South Africa."

The bill is now before the House Armed Services Committee, and has not yet been introduced in Congress. The vacation provision was included without fanfare in a bill dealing with numerous routine personnel matters. That's the way the CIA does business. A CIA spokesman

said yesterday that Raborn had drafted his letter late last year, but that it took several months to get through the federal bureaucracy. Apparently that, too, is sometimes the way the CIA does business.

One way the CIA rarely does business is by identifying its agents. When U.S. spies are caught abroad the agency generally adopts a "Who, Me?" attitude. But CIA lawyers have admitted in Federal District Court, Washington, that Juri Raus, who passes as a \$10,000-a-year engineer in the Bureau of Public Roads, doubles as a CIA agent. They made the admission after Raus was sued for slander by a man accused of being a Soviet agent. The CIA lawyers contended that the suit should be dismissed because if Raus committed any slander it was an official act under orders from his superiors. The case is pending.

The suit against Hoover was filed by Thomas H. Carter, a former clerk in the FBI's fingerprinting division, who was dismissed for "conduct unbecoming an employee of this bureau" after agents investigated the fact that he had allowed his girl friend to stay in his apartment overnight. Carter asked the Federal District Court to reinstate him in his job, contending that the dismissal was arbitrary and capricious.